











報NITS 4-多

A onversation Time

B Word Time

C Practice Time

Reading Time













أبناؤنا الأعزاء يا من ترغبون في أن تصبحوا من المتفوقين: اعلموا أنَّ طريق التفوق سهل ميسور إن شاء الله إذا حرصتم على الآتى:

أولاً: حسن الصلة بالله تعالى:



أَثْنَاء الدراسة وغير الدراسة فهي عون من الله تعالى لنا على حسن الاستذكار والتقوق؛ لأنَّ من تقرّب الله شبرًا تقرّب الله إليه ذراعًا .

- ا. بالصلاة على أوقاتها وعدم تأخيرها بسبب الاستذكار وغيره، فإنه لا بارك الله في عمل يُلهي عن الصلاة، بل ستكون الصلاة سببًا في حسن الإقبال على المذاكرة لما فيها من راحة نفسية وحركة بدنية.
 - ٢. ابدأ المذاكرة بقراءة ما تيسر من القرآن.
- ٣. التوجه إلى الله تعالى أولاً إذا صعب عليك أمر أو مشكلة أثناء الاستذكار!! إذا سألت فاسأل الله، وإذا استعنت فاستعن بالله. إذا شعرت بعدم الرغبة في المذاكرة أو ليس لك مزاج أو ما شابه ذلك، فاستعذ بالله من الشيطان الرجيم، (وقل رب أعود بك من همزات الشياطين(٩٧) وأعود بك رب أن يَحْضُرُون (٩٨))) سورة: المؤمنون. ثم يمكنك الوضوء أو الاغتسال وصلاة ركعتين ودعاء صلاة الحاجة أو قراءة قرآن أو ذكر الله حتى تطمئن نفسك وتهدأ، ثم تعاود المذاكرة وإن كان هناك سبب واضح كصعوبة مادة أو درس فحاول البحث عن حلها.
 - ٤. بر الوالدين و طاعتهما.
 - ضع أنت وإخوتك من مصروفكم الشخصي بعض ما تيسر لكم في صندوق الصدقات بالمنزل تقربًا إلى الله ثم بعد مدة يمكن أن يُعطى من هذا المال الذي جُمع لفقير أو مسكين.
 - ٦. صيام يوم في الشهر مع الوالدين.
 - ٧. ذكر الله في أوقات الذهاب والعودة من المدرسة والمذاكرة والامتحان والأكل والنوم.
 - مراقبة الله تعالى في أعمالك وتصرفاتك.
- ٩. احدر رفقاء السوء وقتلة الوقت: ابحث عن صديق أو صديقين فقط من المتميزين أكثر منك ولكن ليس بكثير حتى لا تصاب بالاحباط.

ثانياً: حسن الاستذكار:

- ١. إذا استطعت أن تحضر الدرس قبل شرحه فافعل ولو ٥ دقائق.
 - ٢. التركيز أثناء شرح الدرس جيدًا.
 - ٣. السؤال عمًّا لا تعرفه بعد الشرح.
- ٤. بعد العودة إلى المنزل تنظم الوقّت جيدًا بين (الاستذكار/ العبادة / الراحة) مع النوم مبكرًا و الاستيقاظ مبكرًا.
 - ٥. تحديد مكان خاص للمذاكرة مع مراعاة الهدوء والضوء.
- جعد البدء بالقرآن ثم الدعاء (ربينا عليك توكلنا وإليك أنبنا وإليك المصير)، (الممتحنة من الأية ٤)، (رب اشرح لي صدري (٢٥) ويسر لي أمري) (سورة طه) قبل البدء في المذاكرة يجب كتابة أسماء المواد المراد مذاكرتها أو حل أسئلتها في كراسة البيت يوميًا حتى لا تنس مادة مطلوبة بعد يومين أو ثلاثة مثلاً.
 - ٧. اعتمد على نفسك قدر ما تستطيع في المذاكرة.
- أ. ضع خطا تحت المهم من حفظ العناوين الكبيرة والصغيرة والنظريات والرسوم، وفهم الدرس جيدًا ثم الإجابة عن الأسئلة التي تلي الدرس وعدم تأجيل أي مادة بقدر المستطاع ولو حدث ذلك فعوض ما فاتك يوم العطلة.
- ٩. بالنسبة للمراجعة قبل الامتحان يُفضل عمل جدول لكل المواد على أن يكون قد سبقها مذاكرة تفصيلية ولا تترك درسًا دون مذاكرة على أن يذاكر أثناء المراجعة فإن نسبة تركيزه تكون أقل من الدروس التي سبق مذاكرتها.

أبناؤنا الأحباء: بعد أن تبذلوا ما تستطيعون من جهد في المذاكرة توكلوا على الله فإن الله لا يضيع أجر من أحسن عملاً، ولا تقلقوا من الامتحان، واتقوا الله وأحسنوا الظن.

(وَمَنْ يَتَّقَ اللَّهَ يَجْعَلُ لَهُ مَخْرَجا (٢) وَيَرْزُقَهُ مِنْ حَيْثُ لا يَحْتَسِبُ وَمَنْ يَتُوكَلُ عَلَى اللَّهِ فَهُوَ حَسْبُهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ يَكُلُ شَيْءٍ قَدْرا) اللَّهَ بَالِغُ أَمْرِهِ قَدْ جَعَلَ اللَّهُ لِكُلُّ شَيْءٍ قَدْرا)









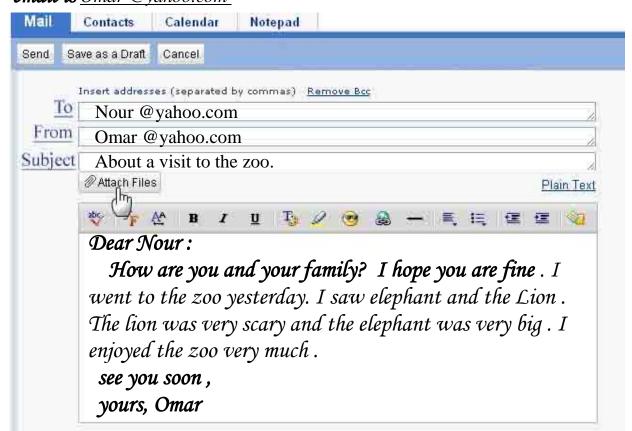




كيف تكتب e-mail باللغة الإنجليزية؟! عليك اتباع التعليمات التالية :

- . $extcolor{To}$ في أول خانة اكتب بريد صديقك الإلكتروني $oldsymbol{\diamondsuit}$
 - فى ثانى خانة اكتب بريدك الإلكتروني ${\it From}$.
- ى في ثالث خانة اكتب موضوع البريد الإلكتروني *Subject* ♦
- ابدأ في كتابة الـ e-mail بعبارة (Dear) ومكان النقاط وصعان النقاط وصعان النقاط وصعان النقاط وصعان الـ e-mail وصعاب وضع وضع وصعاب الــــ e-mail وضع وضع comma بعد الاسم.
 - 🗘 اكتب مقدمة أنيقة ولا تنسَ ترك مسافة بادئة .
 - ♦ How are you and your family? I hope you're fine .
 - I am pleased to write you this letter.
 - 🗘 اكتب الموضوع الأساسي بعد المقدمة.
 - 🥹 قم بإنهاء الـe-mail بخاتمة أنيقة. وبعد الخاتمة اكتب
- See you soon (Best wishes, Yours,)
 - ولاتنس وضع comma وتحتما اسم المرسل.
 Write an e-mail to your friend Nour about your visit to the zoo.

 Your name is Omar and your email is Nour @yahoo.com. your friend's email is Omar @yahoo.com











Practice Makes You Perfect

- **1-** Write an email to your friend Haneen: about your visit to the farm. Your name is Sandy . and your email is <u>Sandy 23@yahoo.com</u>. your friend`s email is <u>Haneen457</u> @yahoo.com
- Write an email to your friend Eman:
 about the beach . Your name is Rehab . and your email is

 Rehab4765@yahoo.com. your friend`s email is Eman358
 @yahoo.com
- Write an email to your friend Mohamed:
 about the restaurant . Your name is Shahd . and your email is

 Shahd 5647@yahoo.com. your friend`s email is Mohamed

 355@yahoo.com
- Write an email to your friend Mai:
 about your favourite food . Your name is Reem . and your
 email is <u>Reem@yahoo.com</u>. your friend`s email is <u>Mai358</u>
 @yahoo.com
- Write an email to your friend Ibrahim:
 about your favourite subject. Your name is Nagwa . and your
 email is Nagwa 4765@yahoo.com. your friend`s email is Ibrahim
 358 @yahoo.com
- Write an email to your friend Rady:
 about your school . Your name is Raghad . and your email is

 Raghad 765@yahoo.com. your friend`s email is *Rady*
 6354@yahoo.com*

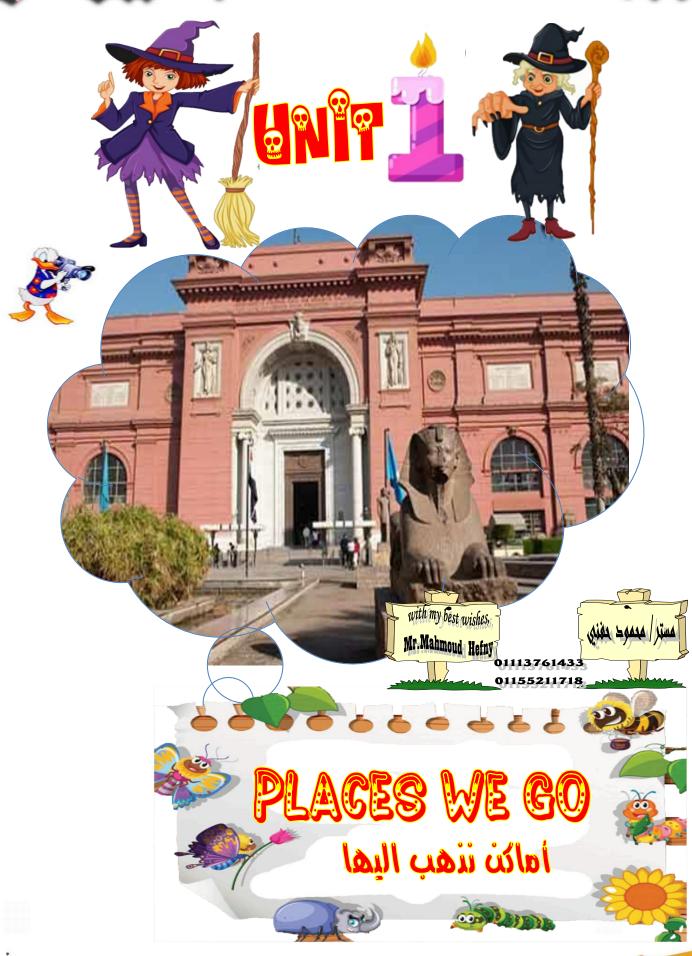






























Cor

Conversation Time

e	
ABC	

	People& Places	الشخصيات كل الأمادن		
Mona	Kareem	Receptionist	موظف الاستقبال	
Home	المنزل	Museum	المتحف	























Key Vocabulary

Today's conversation is a telephone call between Kareem, who is calling a museum, and a woman who works at the museum.

11 Vocabul	ary	كثمات	11
The Egyptian Museum	المتحف المصري	children	أطفال
hours	ساعات	free	مجانا
Fridays	ايام الجمعة	tourist (s)	سائح (سیاح)
daily	يوميا	Mummy room	حجرة المومياء
pound (s)	جنیه (جنیهات)	under	تحت
Egyptians	مصريين	foreigners	أجانب
Tourist	سائح	How much	کم ثمن

2 l Verbs

أفعال

A] Regular Verbs افعال منتظمة Present Simple help	Z 1 20100	•
help يساعد helped فتخ open وفتخ opened وفتخ include نشمل ، پیشم ، پیشم نیز منتظمة included Present Simple Past simple cost یکافی ، پیشر شن cost get in پیکنی ، پیشر شن has (یمفرد) (المفرد) had	A] Regular Ve	rbs أفعال منتظمة
open رفتع opened رفتغ opened include نشمل ، تضمن include included included included B Irregular Verbs افعال غير منتظمة Present Simple cost بكاف ، تكاف تكاف ووt in يدخل وot include يدخل got in المفرد الم	Present Simple	Past simple
B] Irregular Verbs الفعال غير منتظمة Present Simple cost الفق ، تكلف و cost الفق الفق و cost الفق الفق الفق الفق الفق الفق الفق الفق	help	lielpeu
B] Irregular Verbs الفعال غير منتظمة Present Simple Past simple د المناف ، تكلف ، تكلف و cost المفرد على المفرد و cost المناكوا، (المفرد) has المناكوا، (المفرد)	open يفتح	opened وَقْتَحَ
Present Simple Past simple cost يكَلْفَ، يقدر ثمن cost get in يدخل got in has يملك ، (المفرد had	11101040	
Present Simple cost يكڵف، يقدر ثمن cost خلق get in يدخل got in يدخل has إمتلكوا، (المفرد) had (عدل المفرد)	B] Irregular Ver	أفعال غير منتظمة bs
get in یدخل got in یدخل had has یملك ۱ (المفرد had (متلكوا۱ (المفرد))		
المقرد) has (المفرد) had المفرد)	يكَلْفَ، يقدر ثمن cost	cost کلف ، تکلف
(')	3	J 3
امتلكوا، (الجمع) had يمتلكوا (الجمع)		(' ' ' '
	يمتلكوا (الجمع) يمتلكوا	امتلكوا، (الجمع)

3	l Read & Learn	أقرأ وتعلم
	How can I help you?	🧝 كيف أستطيع مساعدتك ؟
1	What are your hours?	🧝 ما هي ساعات عملكم ؟
	We're open from 9:00 to 7:00.	ع نفتح من الساعة التاسعة إلى الساعة الساعة الساعة
1	Are you open on Fridays?	مصبوب. هل تفتحوا في أيام الجمعة ؟
₩.	How much does it cost to get in?	🥣 ما ثمن تذكرة الدخول ؟
7	It's two pounds for Egyptians and	twenty pounds for foreigners.
		🥱 جنيهان للمصريين وعشرون جنيهاً للأجانب.
1	Children under five are free.	الأطفال تحت سن الخامسة بالمجان.
1	Does that include the Mummy r	rooms?
		🗷 هل يتضمن ذلك حجرات المومياء؟
1	Thanks for your help.	🗷 شكراً لمساعدتك.
1	You're welcome. Have a nice da	у.
		ح على الرحب والسبعة أتمني لك به و لطيف











Language Notes	ملاحظات لغوية
السؤال عن ساعات العمل : *What are your hours ﷺ ما هى ساعات عملكم	لعرض المساعدة : Plow can I help you ? گیف یمگننی آن آساعدك؟
We're open from 9:00 to 7:00.	
السؤال عن التكلفة : • How much does it cost	- Present Continuous المضارع المستمر:-
کم التکلفة ؟ • It's two pounds . ♥	(am – is – are) + V.+ ing . ♥ We're having beans

Exercise

1.	Lister	and	l comp	lete:-				
	Nour	:	Good r	morning, t	he E	gyptian(1)	
	Omar	:	What a	are your		.(2)		
	Nour	:	We are	e open fro	m 9:	00 to 7:00pm.		
	Omar	:	Are yo	u open on		(3)		
	Nour	:	Yes, w	e are oper	١	(4)		
	Omar	:	Thanks	for your	help			
2.	Choos	e the	e corre	ct answe	r fro	om a,b,c or d	:-	
				9:00				
			b)		c)		d)	on
				es it cost t				
			b)		C)	much	d)	many
	3- we ar			daily	6)	daye	d۱	diary
				-		•	u)	diary
	a) inc	lude	b)	the Mu includes	mmı C)	y rooms? including	d)	included
				your help		3		
	a) for	m	b)	from	c)	of	d)	for
	6						1.	
	a) Ha			Having		Has	d)	Had
	Child	ren	b)	5 are fre	e. c)	from	d)	under
	31) 31		₩		~,		<u>.</u>	J.I.G.C.I







 T_{Ω}



Mr. Mahmoud Hefny



3- Rearrange the following :-

- **1-** can help I *How* you ?
- **2-** are your <u>*What* –</u> hours ?
- 3- open -<u>Are</u> on you –Fridays ?
- 4- much cost -does it get to <u>How</u> –in ?
- <mark>5-</mark> <u>Children</u> five -under free -are .

4- Write an email to your friend Alaa:

about your visit to the museum. Your name is Eman . and your email is <u>Alaa 23@yahoo.com</u>. your friend`s email is <u>Eman457 @yahoo.com</u>

10		
From		
Subject		
	•••••	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
5- write a p	aragraph of FOUR	sentences:-
A		Open: Saturday-Friday
۵		Hours: 9:00AM : 7:00PM Egyptians: L.E 2
>		Foreigners: L.E 20
>		
6- Punctual	te the following:-	Welcome to the Egyptian Museum
L we re	e open daily 🐚	
2 oh i s	ee it . thanks\\\\\\	











Unit 1 Places We Go اماكن نذهب اليها Page 2 Lesson 2

1- Listen and repeat: 2 -Name the Place. 1-You study there. 2-You read books there. 3-You get a haircut there. 4-You get money there. 5-You sleep there. αλίιδ 6-You take a train there. מגנשם school library 7-You post a letter there. 8-You walk on it. 4 9-You walk across the river on it. 10-You see a film there صالون حرافه ىتك barber's shop bank OPTICAL ILLUSIONS 5 6 محطة فطار ڡٚێڒڣ train station hotel 7 POST OFFICE هکنپ برید 1 QUE post office pavement 9 10





theatre

amis

bridge

کویري







Unit

Places We Go

اماكن نذهب اليها

seat.

Focus Time

Page

Lesson

11 Prepositions of Location

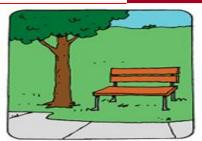
لمحال	، جر "	ِو هـ

Beside	بخانب	The tree is beside the seat.
Behind		≥ The tree is behind the seat.
across from	في الجهة المقابلة من	🖎 The tree is <i>across from</i> the

The tree is **in front of** the seat. کریب من 🖎 The tree is *near* the seat.

کوفه و لا یلمسه 🗻 The tree is **above** the seat. Above

ڪ The tree is *next to* the seat. next to

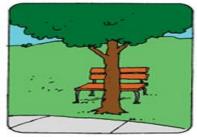


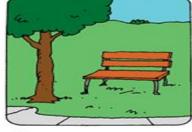


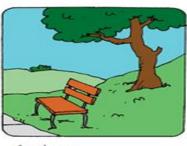


in front of

Near







4. in front of

6. above

فعل يكون Verb to Be في الماضي في

فى المضارع

- \rightarrow am >a I
- \ge He \rightarrow is
- \geq She \rightarrow is
- \rightarrow is 🗷 It
- You → are
- \searrow They \rightarrow are
- \searrow We \rightarrow are

- \ge I \Rightarrow was
- \bowtie He \Rightarrow was
- \cong She \Rightarrow was
- \ge It \Rightarrow was
- \searrow They \Rightarrow were
- \bowtie We \Rightarrow were
- You ⇒ were

There dia

. مفر د+There was . جمع+ There were







Unit 1

Places We Go

اماكن نذهب اليها

💯 practice Time

Page

4

Lesson

4

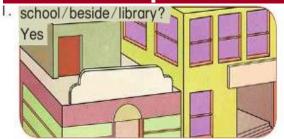
$\overline{$ تگوین أسئلة باستخدام $\overline{V.to}~Be$ في الماضي :

عند تكوين أسئلة باستخدام، $V.to\ Be$ في الماضي فإننا نبدأ الجملة ب Was - Were

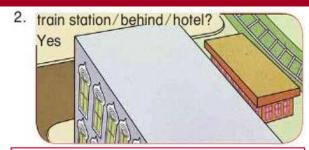
Was there a bank near the school?

Yes, there was.

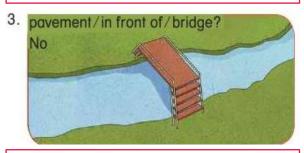
Listen and repeat :-



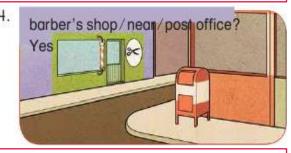
Was there a school beside the library? → Yes, there Was.



2- Was there a train station behind the hotel? → Yes. there Was.



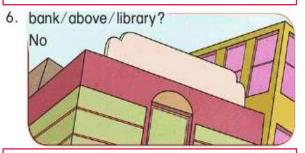
3- Was there a pavement in front of the bridge? → No, there Wasn't.



1- Was there a barber's shop near the post office? → Yes, there was .



5- Was there a school across fron the hotel? → No, there wasn`t.



G- Was there a bank above the library? → No, there wasn't.





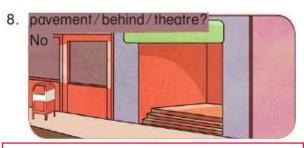






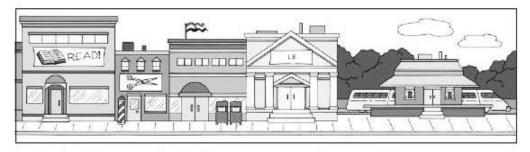


Was there a hotel above the barber's shop? → Yes, there was.



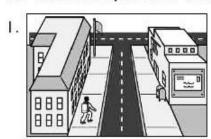
8- Was there a pavement behind the theatre? → No . there wasn`t.

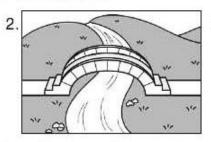
B. Read and circle True or False.

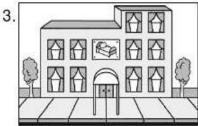


- 1. There's a train station near the bank.
- True False
- 2. There's a barber's shop beside the library.
- True False
- 3. There's a post office behind the bank.
- True False

C. Read the question. Write the answer.







- 1. Was there a school across from the theatre?
- 2. Was there a bridge above the barber's shop?
- 3. Was there a pavement in front of the hotel?

















<u>1</u> ·	- <u>Ch</u>	<u>loose the c</u>	corre	<u>ect answ</u>	<u>er fr</u>	<u>om a,b,c or c</u>	<u> :-</u>	
1-	Was	there a hot	tel n	ext	the	post office?		
	a)	to	b)	at	C)	in	d)	on
2-		there a բ	oave	ment in fr	ont o	f the bank?		
	a)	Were	b)	Was	C)	Are	d)	Do
3-	Was	there a hot	tel a	cross	th	e theatre?		
	a)	of	b)	at	C)	from	d)	on
4-	Was	there a tra	in st	ation near	the l	oridge? - Yes, t	here	
	a)	Were	b)	Was	C)	Are	d)	Do
5-	Was	there a the	atre	across fro	m th	e library? - No	, there	
	a)	Were	b)	Was	C)	Are	d)	Wasn't
6-		is a thea	tre r	near the lik	orary.	,		
	a)	Their	b)	There	C)	They	d)	Them
7-	Was	there a libr	ary i	in front		the bridge?	•	
	a)	of	b)	at	C)	from	d)	on
8-	Was	there a libr	ary .	th	e bar	ık?		
	a)	above	b)	next	C)	front	d)	across
9-	I get	t a haircut a	t the	2				
a)	ba	rber's shop	b)	bank	C)	theatre	d)	post office
10)− W∈	e read book	s at t	the				
	a)	hotel	b)	theatre	C)	library	d)	bridge
11	₽W€	e walk acros	s the	e river on t	the			
	a)	bridge	b)	theatre	C)	library	d)	bridge
12	🛂 I sl	eep in the						
	a)	hotel	b)	theatre	C)	library	d)	bridge
13	She	e gets mone	y fro	om the				
	a)	hotel	b)	theatre	C)	bank	d)	bridge
14	l'm	n going to th	ie		to t	ake a train.		
)	bark	per's shop	b)	bank	c)	theatre	d) t	rain station
15	- Wł	nere can we	slee	p? – At th	e			
	a)	hotel	b)	bank	C)	school	d)	bridge
16		ent to the li						
	a۱	study	b١	read	c)	sleep	d 1	walk











17- I was at the to take a train . a) train station b) bank c) school d) bridge
18- She walked across the river on a
2- Rearrange the following :-
1- Was - a - beside - library - there - post - the - office?
2- a - there - library - near - the - <i>Was</i> — hotel ?
3- there- the - library - in- <i>Was</i> - front- of - a- bridge?
4- beside- there – <u>Was</u> - a - the- school- library?
5- there - pavement- a- <u>Was</u> – in- of- front- the- bridge?
6- There - behind - pavement - a - the - was — theatre.
<mark>7-</mark> bank- <u>There</u> - above - was - the- a-library.
Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one:- 1- beside - behind - across - near. ()
2- above - next - behind - beside. ()
3- school - park - go - theatre. ()
4- library - bank - shop - letter. ()
5- barber - singer - driver - pavement. ()
4- Write an email to your friend Eman about your town.
Your name is Amal .Your email is <u>Eman33@yahoo.com.</u> your friend`s email is <u>Amal265@yahoo.com</u>
5- write a paragraph of FOUR sentences:-
MOW SHOWING SCHOOL
6- Punctuate the following:-
where does kareem get money \>
2- we re open daily except on fridays \ 🛎











Unit 1

Places We Go

اماكن نذهب اليها

Reading Time

Page

5

Lesson

5



Ice Cream in America

Who invented ice cream? We don't know, but ice cream has a long history in the United States. In 1843, Nancy Johnson invented the first ice cream churn. The first ice cream factory opened in Baltimore in 1851. A man in St. Louis made the first ice cream cone in 1896. Ice cream is now one of America's favourite desserts.

The first ice cream shop opened in New York in 1876. Now there is an ice cream shop in every town, and you can buy ice cream at every grocery store. You can find a lot of flavours, from tomato to pickle. America's favourite flavours are vanilla and chocolate. What's your favourite?

Key Vocabulary

History	تاريخ	Factory	مصنع
United States	الولايات المتحدة	Man	رجل
Town	مدينة صغيرة	Woman	امرأة
American	أمريكاتي	Cone	مخروط حلویات
Churn	مِمْخَضَة (آلة الايس كريم)	Desserts	
Chocolate	شكولاتة	Flavours	نكهات
grocery store	محل بقالة	Vanilla	فانيلا
Tomato	طماطم	Pickle	مخلل
Ice cream	مثلجات	Favourite	مفضل
long	طويل	History	تاريخ
Shop	محل	A lot of	تاریخ کثیر من مدینة
Foods	اطعمة	Town	مدينة











2 I Verbs

أفعال

Z 1 WUI NO	0 /
A] Regular Ve	rbs أفعال منتظمة
Present Simple	Past simple
invent يغترع	أخترعَ invented
open	opened وقتح
یلعب کوتشینه Play cards	العب كوتشينه Played cards
B] Irregular Ver	أفعال غير منتظمة bs
Present Simple	Past simple
يعرف know	عرف
Has - have	had أمتك
make يصنع	madeفنغboughtأشتري
يشتري يشتري	أَشْتَرِيَ bought
يج ^د find	وجد found
31 Expressions	تعبيرات
has a long history	لها تاریخ طویل
the first ice cream churn	أول مِمْخَضَة أيس كريم
the first ice cream factory	أول مصنع أيس كريم
the first ice cream cone	أول مخروط أيس كريم
the first ice cream shop	أول محل أيس كريم
One of America's favourite desserts	من حلويات المفضلة لأمريكا
Flavours / Flavors	نَكْهَات، مَذَاقات
tomato	طماطم
pickle	مخلل
vanilla	فانيلا، فانيليا
chocolate	شوكولاتة

The Sandwich

The sandwich has a long history. In 1750, John Montagu invented the sandwich. He used bread and meat for the first sandwich. He liked to eat a sandwich and play cards. The sandwich is now one of America's favourite foods.

In the United States there is a sandwich shop in every town, and you can buy sandwiches at every grocery store. You can make a sandwich at home, too!















	oose the c	<u>orre</u>	ct answe		<u>Jili a,b,C oi u i</u>	_	
	Ny favourite					_	
a)	flavour	b)	flower	c)	paper	d)	bread
2- L	et's have ice	crea	ım for				
a)	breakfast	b)	dessert	C)	desert	d)	meal
3- T	he first ice c	rean	n shop		. in 1876.		
a)	opens	b)	opened	C)	opening	d)	open
4- Y	ou can find a	a lot	fla	vou	rs, from tomato	to p	ickle.
a)	in	b)	of	C)	from	d)	on
5- T	he sandwich				-		
a)	some	b)	along	C)	a long	d)	many
					ed ice cream.		
	don't					d)	did
	ou can buy i						
	store		library			d)	barber
	omato, vanil		•				
	flavour				paper	d)	bread
	<u>Rearrange</u>		_				
1-	don't – inver	nted	– <u>We</u> – who	o –k	now – ice – crea	am.	
2-	shop – first -	- ice	– New – cr	eam	n – opened – <u>The</u>	<u>?</u> – in	-York.
3-	is – an – tow	n – 0	cream – ice	– sł	nop – in – <u>There</u>	– ev	ery.
4-	<u>You</u> – lot - ca	an –	a – of – find	d – f	lavours.		
5-	your – flavou	ırs –	<u>What're</u> –	favo	ourite ?		
3- wr	<u>ite a parag</u>	ırap	h of FOUF	<u>se</u>	ntences:-:-		A ST
Ø							
Ø							1
Ø	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
	·						
4- Write an email to your friend Ahmed about sandwich.							

Your name is Mustafa. your email is Mustafa23@yahoo.com. your friend's email is Ahmed457 @yahoo.com.



















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In the Restaurant





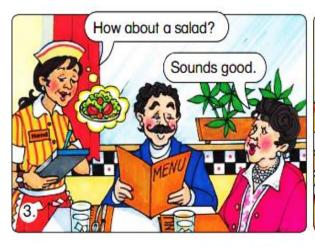
Conversation Time



People& Places		الشخصيات& الاماكن	
Man	رجل	Woman	سيدة
waitress	جرسونه	Restaurant	المطعم























Key Vocabulary

11 V oc	abulary	كلمات		
restaurant	مطعم	spaghetti	مَعْكَرُونَة	
food	طعام	meatballs	كرات من اللحم	
menu	قائمة طعام	mood	مزاج	
ready	ج اهز	today	اليوم	
steak	شَرِيحَة، قطعة لحم	delicious	اليوم لذيذ	
rare	غير مطهو جيدا	hungry	جائع	
medium	متوسط الطهو	a salad	طبق سلطة	
well done	مطهو جيدا	special	خاص	
potatoes	بَطَاطِس			

2 l Verbs

أفعال

A] Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة					
Present Simple Past simple					
order	يأمر ـ يطلب	ordered	أمَرَ - طلب		
bake	يخبز	baked	خبز ، طهيَ		
sound	يبدو	sounded	بدآ		
look	ينظر	looked	نظر		
B] Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة					
Present Simple		Past simple			
think	يعتقد ، يظن	thought	اِعْتَقَدَ، حَسِبَ، ظُنّ		
have	يتناول	had	تناول		

31 Read & Learn	أقرأ وتعلم
📆 Are you ready to order?	🗷 هل أنت جاهز لطلب الطعام ؟
📆 I think so. I'll have a steak.	🤕 أعتقد ذلك. سأتناول شريحة لحم بقري.
∰ How about a salad?	🗷 ما رأيك في السلطة؟
What's today's special?	🗷 ما طبق اليوم المخصوص ؟
📆 Good! I'm in the mood for spaghetti.	🗷 جيد! أريد مكرونة سباجتي.
Thanks. It looks delicious.	🗷 شكراً. تبدو لذيذة الطعم.
Mere you are.	🗷 تفضل .
41 Expressions	تعبيرات
Are you ready to order?	🗷 هل أنت جاهز لطلب الطعام ؟
🎡 have a steak.	🗷 يتناول شريحة لحم بقري.
l'm in the mood for	🗷 أرغب في
O looks delicious	🛮 🧝 تبدو لذيذة الطعم .











5- Language Notes	ملاحظات لغوية
الفعل have له أكثر من معني: يتناول – يأكل Have = eat ﴿ I'll have a steak. يمتلك – عنده Have = own ﴿ I'll have a car .	لعمل الاقتراحات نستخدم ماذاعن؟ بيسية What - How about؟ بيسية What - How about a salad? للرد علي الاقتراح بالرفض: Sorry, I don`t like salad. للرد علي الاقتراح بالموافقه: يبدر جيداً .Sounds good
- Present simple المضارع البسيط:- He- she- it + V+(s-es-ies) t looks delicious.	we- you- they + V.inf. They eat steak.

Exercise

Listeii a	<u>na compiete:-</u>
Waiter	: Hello. Are you ready to(1)?
Omar	: I think so. I'll have a(2)
Waiter	:(3)medium or well done?
Omar	: Medium, please. And a(4)potato.
Eman	: What's today's(5)?
Waiter	: spaghetti and(6)
Eman	: I'm in the(7)for spaghetti.

2- Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:-

1- A	re you		to orde	r ?			
	read				ready	d)	red
2- R	are, mediun	n or	well		•		
a)	done	b)	do	C)	does	d)	did
3- W	Vhat's today	's		?			
a)	salad	b)	steak	C)	delicious	d)	special
4- I'	m in the mo	od		spag	ghetti.		
a)	of	b)	in	C)	for	d)	from
5- It	looks		I like it .				
	salad				delicious	d)	special











- 6- How a salad? Sounds good.
- a) about b) a boat c) many d) More

3- Rearrange the following:-

- 1- about water How some?
- <mark>2-</mark> lemonade some have <u>I'II</u> .
- <mark>3-</mark> food delicious. <u>**The</u> –** is.</u>
- <mark>4-</mark> please. a baked and <u>Medium</u>, potato.
- **5-** ready <u>Are</u> to you order?
- <mark>6-</mark> mood <u>I'm</u> the for in spaghetti.

4- Write a paragraph of FOUR sentences:-

Z.	
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	
····	MENTO
NC)	MENU MENU
3	

5- Punctuate the following:-

- ill have a steak 🖎
- 2- what s today s special 🔈













Unit 2 In the re	In the restaurant		
Word Time	Page 8	Lesson 2	













Unit 2In the restaurantLesson 3Focus TimePage 9Lesson 3

Structure

راجع بسرعه زمن الماضي البسيط Past Simple

يتكون من التصريف الثاني للفعل :

- They <u>cleaned</u> the tent.
- وصبح الأفعال غير منتظمة (أفعال شاذه) يتفير شكلها في الماضي
 ولا يضاف اليها الله وتحفظ كما هي :
- She <u>drank</u> juice yesterday.
 - فـــي حالـــة النفـــي نســـتخدم الفعـــل المســـاعد did ونضــيف لـــه not t كما في الامثلة السابقة .
- They <u>didn`t clean</u> the tent. She <u>didn`t drink</u> juice yesterday.
- They <u>didn`t clean</u> the tent. <u>Did</u> They <u>clean</u> the tent?

Countable & Uncountable nouns

≥ Countable nouns

الأسماء التي تعد

- Countable nouns are nouns we can count. الأسماء التى تعد هي أسماء يمكن عدها one book → two books one bottle → two bottles
 - للسؤال عن الاسماء التي تعد :
- <u>کم عدد؟ ؟ How many......</u>
 - ♦ How many books did she read ? لاحظ أن **How many** يأتى بعدها الاسم الجمع
 - ♦ How many books did she read?
 I read 4 books . : وعند الاجابة نستخدم الارقام :







#4

414

扣



Mr. Mahmoud Hefny



™ UnCountable nouns

الأسماء التي لا تعد

الأسماء التى لا .Uncountable nouns are nouns we can't count التى لا . تعد هى أسماء لا نستطيع عدها وتعامل مفرد

water – lemonade – turkey – apple pie – chicken soup – orange juice-coffe – bread

لكي نعدها نضعها في حاويات:

14	Food quantities	حاويات الطعام
librari.	1) a bottle of water	زجاجة مياه
11.	2) a can of lemonade	عُلْبَة عصير ليمون
8:48	3) a slice of turkey	شَرِيحَة من الديك الرومي
	4) a piece of apple pie	قطعة من فطيرة التفاح
\$ 4	5) a bowl of chicken soup	سُلْطَانِيّة من شوربة الدجاج
Ш.	6) a glass of orange juice	كوب من عصير ليمون
1	7) a cup of coffee	فنجان من القهوة
ll.a.	8) a loaf of bread	ر غيف من الخبز

للسؤال عن الاسماء التى لا تعد :

- کم کمیة؟ **?**
- How much juice did she drink?
 - لاحظ أن **How much** يأتى بعدها الاسم المفرد لا يعد.
- How much juice did she drink?
 - وعند الاجابة نستخدم الحاويات :
- **She** had one **bowl** of chicken soup.
- They had four **pieces** of apple pie.













Unit 2 In the Restaurant في المطعم Practice Time Page 10 Lesson 4

How much bread did he have?

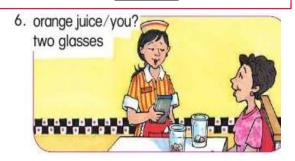
He had six loaves of bread.

Listen and repeat :-

- 1. pieces of apple pie/they?
 four
- 1- How many pieces of apple pie did they have?
- They had four *pieces of* apple pie.
- 3. lemonade/you?
 two cans
- 3- How much lemonade did you have?
- I had two <u>cans of</u> lemonade .
- 5. cups of coffee/she?

 one
- 5- How many cups of coffee did she have?
- She had one <u>cup of</u> coffee.

- 2. bowls of chicken soup/she?
 one
- 2- How many bowls of chicken soup did she have?
- She had one <u>bowl of</u> chicken soup.
- 4. roast beef/she?
 two slices
- 4- How much rost beaef did she have?
- She had two slices of rost beaef .



- 6- How much orange juice did you have?
- I had two <u>glasses of</u> orange juice.

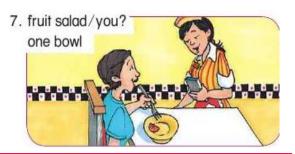


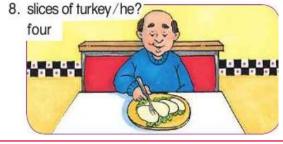












- 7- How much fruit salad did you have?
- 8 How many slices of turkey did he have?
- I had one **bowl of** fruit salad.
- He had <u>four slices of</u> turkey.

A. Look at the chart. Answer the questions.

Wael		
Ola		٥٥٥

- 1. How much water did Ola have?
- 2. How much coffee did Ola have?
- 3. How much lemonade did Wael have?
- 4. How much turkey did Wael have?
- 5. How much cake did Ola and Wael have?

B. Read and write.



How much lemonade did he have?

He had two cans of lemonade.



_____ orange juice did they have?



bowls of fruit salad did you have?



bottles of water did you have?











1.	Choose the	corr	<u>ect an</u>	<u>swer ti</u>	<u>rom a,b,c</u>	or a	<u>:-</u>	
	I- How		roast	turkey	did you ha	ve?		
	much			-	•		O	old
	2- How		cups	of coff	ee did she	have	•	
a)	much		b)	many		c)	0	old
	3- How		chic	ken sou	p did they	have?		
a)	much		b)	many		c)	O	old
	4- How							
_	much			many		C)		
	5- How		piece	es of app	ole pie did	you h	ave	?
a)	much		b)	many		C)	0	ld
	6- She had two							
	a) water				=		d)	apple pie
	She had one	-						
	a) juice				-		d)	lemonade
	8- I had two gla							
	a) juice				-		d)	apple pie
	9-I had one bo					1.		
	a) bread					e d)	ch	icken soup
	10-He has a bo						داء	laman ada
	a) juice						aj	iemonade
	II-She had a a) glass				,		car	
	12- We had tw		-			u)	cai	•
	a) cans						dı	alass
	13- He had two						α,	9.433
	a) slices				-		d۱	pieces
	14-They had fi						,	
	a) cup						d)	slices
	15- I had three					•		
	a) bowl						d)	glasses
	16-They had si		-					-
	a) loaf						d)	loaves
	17- We had two	0		of le	emonade.			
	a) can	hı	nioco	6)	canc		di	logyos











<u>2-</u>	Rearrange the following:- 1- How - she - water - did - much - have?								
	2-many - bottles - of - she - water - <u>How</u> - did — have ?								
	3- have - many - of - apple - did - she - pieces- How?								
	4- many - <u>How</u> - bowls - chicken - she - soup - did - have - of?								
	<mark>5-</mark> cans - <u>We</u> - of - two - had - lemonade.								
	<mark>6-</mark> had - of - slices - <u>He</u> - four - turkey.								
	7- orange - <u>I</u> - glasses - four - of - had - juice.								
	<mark>8-</mark> roast - have - are - going - <u>you</u> - to –turkey .								
	9- fruit - <u>I'm</u> - eat - to - going - salad .								
<u>3-</u>	Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one:								
	1- think - want - glasses - bake. ()								
	2- potato - boil - salad - meatball. ()								
	3- lemonade - juice - pie - water. ()								
	4- can - bottle - glass - roast. ()								
	5- lemonade - juice - bread - water. ()								
	6-slice - piece - lemonade - loaf. ()								
	rare - medium - steak- special. ()								
	8- water - lemonade - coffee - salad. ()								
4-	Write a paragraph of FOUR sentences:-								
5 -	Write an email to your friend Sanaa about lunch you								

- 5- Write an email to your friend Sanaa about lunch you had at the restaurant. Your name is Haneen.
- 6- Punctuate the following:-
 - I i ll have a steak \ 🔈
 - 2- medium please \ 🕳











Unit 2 In the Restaurant في المطعم Page 11 Lesson 5

Grandpa Ali's Restaurant Opens

by Adel Ibrahim

Grandpa Ali's is a new Italian restaurant in downtown Sunnyville. It opened on May 5th. Who is Grandpa Ali? Is he the owner? No! The real Grandpa Ali is the owner's grandfather and the chef at the restaurant.

Last Saturday, Laila Abdo and her friend Diana Smith had lunch at Grandpa Ali's. "Their pizza is the best pizza in town," Laila said.

Diana said, "I'm going to bring my children here. Kids under five eat free!"
Grandpa Ali's is clean and the prices are good. The address is 12 Pine Street. They're open daily from 11:00 A.M.to 10:00 P.M. They serve lunch and dinner.

New Words

new Italian
downtown owner
real chef
best price
A.M/P.M. serve

Key Vocabulary

grandpa	الجد	pizza	بيتزا
downtown	وسط المدينة	town	مدينة صغيرة
owner	مَالِك، صَاحِب	kids	أولاد ، صبيان
chef	طُبَّاخ، رئيس الطهاة	dinner	العشاء
lunch	الغداء	Italian	إيطَالِيّ
the best	الافضل	prices	أسعار
daily	يوميا	children	اطفال
real	حقيقي	address	العنوان
Lunch	الغداء	dinner	العثباء
free	مجاني	under	تحت











21 Verbs

أفعال

A] Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة					
Present Simple		Past simple			
serve	يقدم	served	قدم		
clean	ينظف	Cleaned	نظف		
Open	يفتح	Opened	فتح		

B] Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة						
Present Simple	Past simp					
ضر bring	brought	أحضر				
say	said يقو	قال				
اول have		تناول				
eat S	ate يأكا	أكل				
3 Expressions		تعبيرات				
1- a new Italian restaurant		مطعم إيطالي جديد				
2- on May 5 th		في الخامس من شهر مايو				
3- the real name		الاسم الحقيقي				
4- is the best in town		هي الأفضل في المدينة				
5- Kids under five are free.		الأطفال تحت سن الخامسة بالمجان.				
6- The prices are good.		الأسعار جيدة.				
7- They are open daily .		(هم) يفتحون يومياً.				
8- serve lunch and dinner		يقدموا الغداء والعشاء				
9- have breakfast = eat breakfast		يتناول وجبة الإفطار				
10- a:m		صباحاً				
11- P:m		مساءً				

Big Mama's Restaurant Opens

by Salma Farouk

Big Mama's is a new Italian restaurant in Sunnyville. It opened on Wednesday. Who is Big Mama? Big Mama is the owner. She's the chef, too!



On Friday, Tom and his friend Ramy ate dinner at Big Mama's. Tom said, "Big Mama's meatballs are the best meatballs in town." Ramy said, "I'm going to bring my sister here tomorrow. Kids under six eat free!"















<u>1:</u>		noose tne	<u>corr</u>	<u>ect answe</u>	<u>er t</u>	<u>rom a,b,c or a</u>	<u>:-</u>	
	I- Gr	randpa		is a new	/ Ita	lian restaurant.		
	a)	Ali	b)	Ali's	C)	Alis`	d)	Alis
	2 - G	randpa Ali is	s the	chef at the	<u></u>			
	a)	hotel	b)	museum	C)	school	d)	restaurant
				_		lunch at Grandpa		
	a)	has	b)	having	C)	had	d)	have
		m going to .						
		bring				brings	d)	brought
		ids						
		above					d)	under
		he					1.	
		address					d)	menu
		ney read				er at the restaur	_	nla.
		opened				serve	d)	play
		on				at	dı	under
		μ			-		u,	onder
	a)			Them			d)	Their
2 -	Re	arrange tl	ne fo	ollowing :	<u>-</u>			
	1- n	ew - <u>Grandr</u>	<u>)a</u> - i	s - Italian -	a - <i>I</i>	Ali's – restaurant		
	2- Grandpa - real - <u>The</u> - is - owner's – the - Ali - grandfather .							
	3 - (Grandpa - lui	nch -	at - had - <u>I</u>	Diar	<u>na</u> - Ali's.		
	4- t	own - <u>Their</u> -	· is -	the - in – be	est -	pizza - pizza.		
	5 - g	oing - <u>I'm</u> - (child	ren - to - m	ıy - l	bring - here.		
	6-	Grandpa - g	ood	- are - price	es - a	are -Ali's.		
	7 - uı	nder - <u>Kids</u> -	eat	- five – free	٠.			((//l)
3-	w	rite a para	gra	oh of FOU	R s	entences :-	24	
	Ø							Jan .
	Ø							
	Ø							
J	<u> </u>				1\ 3	<u>Circences 1-</u>		

NOUR







4- Read and answer the questions :-

Lots of people are eating and drinking at this restaurant. The cook is having coffee. The dog is outside. No pets in the restaurant! These two people are looking at the menus. There is lemonade on their table. The waiter is bringing bread. There's roast turkey and chicken soup. At the next table, there is fruit salad, coffee and roast beef. It looks all delicious.

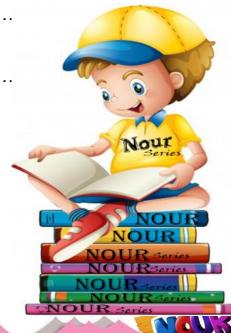
A) Choose the o	correct answer	<u>1</u>	
I- Two people are	looking		
			d) at two tables
2- The cook is hav	/ing		
a) roast beef	b) lemonade	c) bread	d) coffee
B) Answer the f	following ques	tions:	
3- Is there any pe	ts at the restaura	ant ?	
2. What is tha wa	iter hringing?		

5- Write an e mail to your friend Marium about Big Mama's Restaurant. Your name is Marwa. your email is Marwa13@yahoo.com. your friend's email is Marium57 @yahoo.com

6- Punctuate the following:-

]-	huda doesn t like fish
Ø	

how much does it cost nejar



































Daily Activities



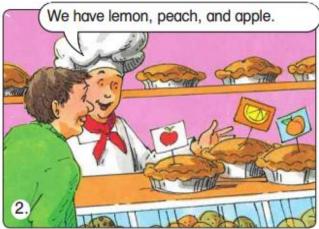


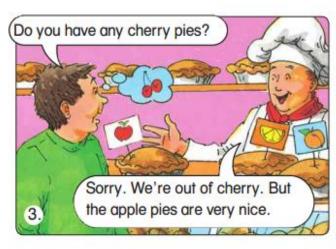
Conversation Time



People & Places		الشخصيات& الاماكن	
customer	زبون	baker	خباز
bakery	مخبز	seller	بائع

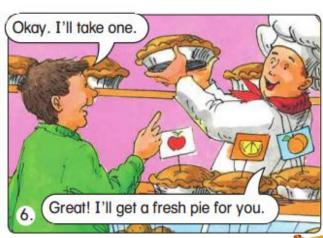


















Key Vocabulary

11 Vocal	bulary	الكلمات		
activity (ies)	نشاط (أنشطة)	cherry	کریز	
bakery	مخبز ، فرن	pounds	جنيهات	
baker	خباز	expensive	غالي	
pie (s)	فطيرة (فطائر)	cheap	رخيص	
kind	نوع	each	كل واحد	
lemon	ليمون	fresh	طاز ج تفاحة	
peach	خوخة	apple		
but	لكن	today	اليوم	
How much?	كم ثمن؟	nice	اليوم جميل اليوم	
What kind?	ما نوع؟	today	اليوم	

2 I Verbs

أفعال

A] Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة						
Present Simple	Past simple					
help يساعد	helped					
B] Irregular Ver	أفعال غير منتظمة bs					
Present Simple	Past simple					
take غاخذ	took نخذ					
يحضر get	أَحْضَرَ got					
يشتري buy	اشتري bought					
3 Read & Learn	أقرأ وتعلم					
📆 Can I help you?	🗷 كيف أساعدك؟					
What are your hours?	🗷 ما هي ساعات عملكم ؟					
What kinds of pie do you have tode	🗷 ما أنواع الفطائر لديكم اليوم ؟ 🔻 📯					
We have lemon, peach and apple.	🥕 لدينا فطائر اليمون و الخوخ و التفاح.					
Do you have any cherry pies?	🗷 هل لديكم فطائر الخوخ ؟					
Sorry. We're out of cherry.	🥕 آسف. لیس لدینا (فطائر) کریز.					
But the apple pies are very nice.	🗷 ولكن فطائر التفاح جميلة جداً.					
Mow much are they?	🗷 ما ثمنهم ؟					
They're five pounds each.	🥕 ثمنهم خمسة جنيهات لكل واحدة.					
Oh, that's too expensive.	🗷 ياه ، هذا غالي الثمن جدا					
Mow much are the peach pies?	🗷 . ما سعر فطانر التفاح ؟					
📆 I`ll take one.	🥕 سوف أخذ واحده .					
📆 I`ll get you a fresh one.	🧻 سوف أحضر فطيرة طازجه .					











anguage Notes	ملاحظات لغوية
لیس لدینالیس لدینا	للسؤال عن النوع :
● We <u>are out of</u> cherry pies .	ما نوع؟ ? Mhat kind of
الفعل have له أكثر من معني :	- Future simple
يتناول – يأكل Have = eat [™]	زمن المستقبل البسيط:-
	Will (`II) + inf.
يمتلك – عنده Have = own ॐ	
I have peach pie .	
Asking for Price	السؤال عن الثمن
اسم مفرد + How much + is → اسم	اسم جمع + How much + are *
♦ How much is the peach pie?	
It`s ten pounds.	They are ten pounds each.

Exercise

1- Listen and complete:-

Baker

Good morning. Can I help you?

Yes, please. What kinds of......(1)......do you have today?

Baker

We have lemon,(2)......and apple.

Do you have any(3).....pies?

Baker

Sorry. We're(4).....cherry.

Ahmed

How(5)......are the apple pies?

They are five(6).....each.

2- Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:-

1- Good morning. Can I you?								
	a)	helps	b)	helping	c)	help	d)	helped
2-	What	kinds c	of pies do	you		today?		
	a)	has	b)	had	c)	having	d)	have











_	.				. ,	2		
პ -	-	ou have						
		any		_		money	d)	much
4-	Sorry	. We're out			-			
	a)	in	b)	of	C)	on	d)	from
5-	How		. are	they? - Th	ey a	re ten pou	nds each.	
	a)	match	b)	old	C)	many	d)	much
6-	That'	s	ex	pensive.				
	a)	too	b)	to	C)	two	d)	three
7-	Grea	t! I'll		a fresh pie	for	you		
	a)	got	b)	getting	C)	get	d)	gets
3	B- Re	<u>earrange</u> t	he f	ollowing	<u>:-</u>			
1				ahaum. I	n- 1	,		
Ţ.	pies -	-you - any -h	iave	- cnerry – <u>r</u>	<u> </u>			
2-	have	- What - pie	es - c	lo - of - you	ı - ki	nds - today	\ }	
3-	peac	h – much - a	re -	<i>How</i> - the -	- pie	s ?		
1	are -	five - <u>They</u> -	63 0	h - nounds				
				,				
		n - <u>I'll</u> - a - fo						
4	- WI	<u>rite a para</u>	grap	oh of FOU	R se	entences	<u>:-</u>	
	Ø					N	3	
	Ø					100		会 等
	B					(25°		1000
	B						To all	371
						7		DITTO THE
						1 1		
	<u>5-</u> W	<u>rite an em</u>	ail t	<u>to your fri</u>	enc	<u> Ahmed</u>	about you	ır favourite
	kind (of pies. Your	nan	ne is Ali .				
		_						
6	<u> Pu</u>	nctuate th	<u>e fo</u>	<u>llowing:-</u>				
	1-	i ll get you	ı a f	resh one \	A .			
	2-	we re out	of o	herry \ 🔈				

























Review Future

Review like to

am • Is

+ going to + inf.

are_

> He's going to take a bus .

He - She likes to + inf .

He - She doesn't like to + inf .

We - They like to +inf.

We - They don't like to +inf.

A. Look and write.

Hisham's Morning



- 1. He's going to
- _ at 8:10.
- ____ at 10:30.
- **B.** Look and write.

She likes to She doesn't like to

____ at 11:25.





A. Read and write.

Today, I'm going to... On Sunday, I...

- I. buy groceries
- 3. go to the dentist
- 5. walk to school
- 7. iron a shirt

- bought groceries
- took a bus
- chopped vegetables
- - sliced fruit
- - washed my hair













Unit 3

Daily Activities

أنشطة يومية

Focus Time

Page

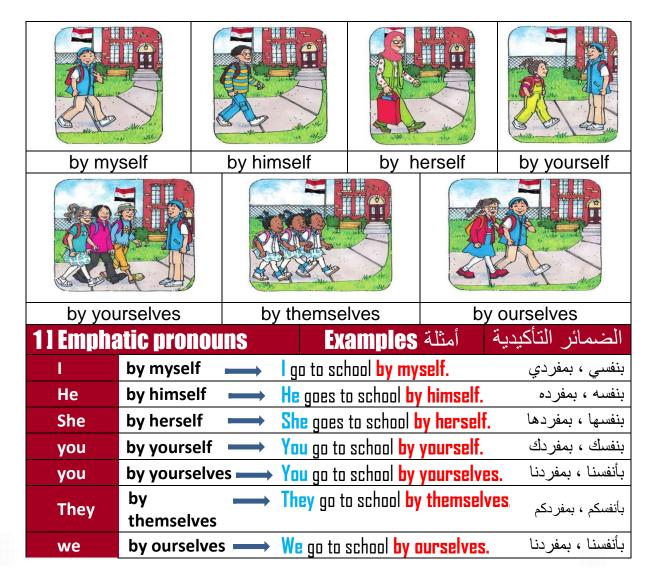
15

Lesson

Emphatic pronouns

<u>لاحظ وخلي بالك :</u>

- 🗘 تستخدم الضمائر المنعكسة للتأكيد علي أن الفاعل قد قام بعمل الفعل بنفسه أو بمفرده من دون مساعدة .
 - 🗘 الضماثر المنعكسة تأتي في نهاية الجملة وقبلها حرف الجر 👣
 - 🗘 عند تحديد الضمير المنعكس المناسب يجب أن نحدد ضمير الفاعل في بداية الجملة ثم نحدد الضمير المنعكس .













Unit 3

Daily Activities

أنشطة يومية

Practice Time

Page

16

Lesson

4

راجع بسرعه زمن الماضي البسيط



-يتكون من التصريف الثاني للفعل و له نوعان: مع الافعال المنتظمة نضيف للفعل <u>ed – d – d و</u>مع كل الضمائ

مع <u>الافعال المنتظمة</u> نضيف للفعل <u>e**d – d – ied</u> مع ك**ل الضمائر المفرد أو الجمع . ومع *الافعال الشاذة* نغير شكل الفعل.</u>

- ◊ I <u>washed</u> my hair.
- O I went to the dentist.

في حالة النفي نستخدم الفعل المساعد $\frac{\textit{did}}{\textit{didn}\,\,i}$ وعندما في حالة النفي نستخدم الفعل المساعد $\frac{\textit{did}}{\textit{did}}$ وعندما did نحذف $\frac{\textit{ed}-\textit{d}-\textit{ied}}{\textit{did}}$ ونضع الفعل في المصدر بدون اي اضافات .

- O I didn't wash my hair.
- O I didn't go to the dentist.

Listen and repeat:-



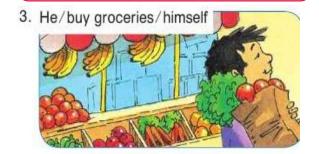
2. You/wash your hair/yourself



1- I sliced fruit by myself.

2-You didn't wash your hair <u>by</u>

yourself.



4. We/take a bus/ourselves



- <mark>3 –</mark> He bought groceries <u>by himself</u>.
- 4 We took a bus *by ourselves*.



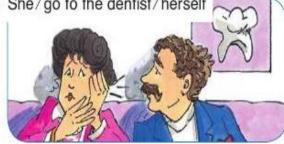


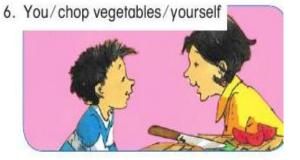






5. She/go to the dentist/herself





5— She didn't go to the dentist by herself.

6 You chopped vegetables by yourself.

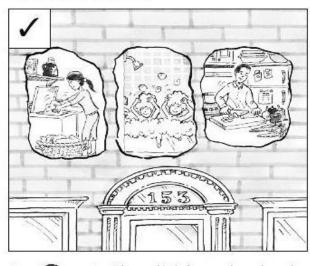


7- They did the laundry by themselves.



8 – She didn't stay home by herself.

B. Look and write.





She did laundry by herself.

She didn't stay home by herself.









<u>L-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>100se tne c</u>	OFF	<u>ect answe</u>	<u>r tr</u>	<u>om a,b,c or a :</u>	_	
1	<u>.</u> {	go to school	by					
	a)	myself	b)	herself	C)	itself	d)	himself
2		man sliced fr		•				
	a)	myself	b)	herself	C)	itself	d)	himself
3		ou didn't wa	-	7				
		myself					d)	yourself
4		e bought gro		7				
		myself				itselt	d)	himself
		/e took a bus				. 10	1.	1 . 10
		myself					d)	himself
						s by	داء	
		themselves			_		a)	yourself
/		our , do the myself		, ,			ds	vourself
c		•					a)	yourself
C		his girl iron		,			dı	chop
c			_		_		u)	chop
2		m iron					dı	wash
4							u,	Wusii
-		She didn't st buy	-				dı	pay
1		I didn't		-		-	u,	pay
_				•		walking	dı	walks
1						by himself yeste		
-	a)	•				does		don`t
1		These girls d					-,	
-	a)	did		didn't		does	d)	do
1						she has toothac		
	a)	school		dentist			_	vet
2-		arrange th	_		_			
						You - yourself.		
		bought - <i>He</i>						
						didn't - dentist.		
				•				
	4-	by - <u>You</u> - ve	eget	ables - chop	ope	d – yourself.		











5-	5- by - <i>She</i> - stay - didr	n't - home - herself.
----	----------------------------------	-----------------------

	by - stay - didit t - nome - nersen.
<u>3-</u>	Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one:
	1- she – herself – myself – itself ()
	2- went - took - stay - bought. ()
	3- your- myself- herself -myself. ()
	4- washed - walked - chopped - did . ()
	5- dentist - teacher - plane - pilot. ()
	6- sliced - ironed - did – chopped . ()
	7- soup - fruit- vegetables- laundry. ()
	8- home- teacher - school- hospital . ()
4-	write a paragraph of FOUR sentences:-
- w	vrite a paragraph of FOUR sentences:-

- 5- Write an email to your friend Mustafa about Omar's morning. Your name is Ahmed.
- 6- Punctuate the following:-
 - I- i II get you a fresh one \ ≥.....
 - 2- we re out of cherry \ >











أنشطة يومية **Daily Activities** Unit Lesson **Page**

Ramy Forgot!

"Ramy," said his mother, "will you go to the supermarket for me, please?" She put a grocery list and some money on the table by the door.





"No problem, Mum," said Ramy.

Ramy arrived at the supermarket.

"Oh, no!" Ramy said. "I forgot the list!" He went home and got the list. Then he ran back to the supermarket. Ramy put the groceries in the

trolley. Then he went to the checkout.

"Oh, no!" he said. "I forgot the money!" He ran home, got the money, and ran

back to the supermarket. Then he paid for the groceries and went home.

"Hi, Ramy," said his mother.

"Where are the groceries?"

"Oh, no!" he said. "I left them at the supermarket!"

C	Read the question. Write the answer.	
1.	Where did Ramy go?	Ų,
2.	Who wanted Ramy to go?	
3.	Did Ramy forget the list?	
4.	What did Ramy leave at the supermarket?	=2.5











Key Vocabulary

supermarket	متجر كبير	No problem	لا مشكلة
groceries	البقالة	list	قائمة
trolley	عَرَبَة، الحامل المتحرك	grocery	بَقَالَة
checkout	صندوق الدفع	money	نقود
Checkout line	طابور الدفع	home	منزل
mother	أم	by the door	بجوار الباب
then	ثم	please	لو سمحت
basket	سلة	table	منضده

21 Verbs

أفعال

A] Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة						
Present Simple		Past simple				
arrive at	يصل الي	arrived at	وصلَ الي			
Pay for	يدفع ثمن	Paid for	دفع ثمن			
B] Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة						
Present Simple		Past simple				
say	يقول	said	قالَ			
go	يذهب	went	ذهب نس <i>ي</i>			
forget	ينسي	forgot	نْسيَ			
get home	يرجع للمنزل	got home	رجع للمنزل			
put	يضع	put	وضع			
run back	يرجع	ran back	رجع			
leave	يغادر ، ينصرف	left	غادر ، أنصرف			

A. Read. Then number the pictures in the correct order.

Sally Forgot!

"Sally," said her father, "will you go to the supermarket for me, please?"

"No problem, Dad," said Sally. She walked to the supermarket. "Oh, no!" said Sally. "I forgot

the grocery list." She ran home and got the list. Then she ran back to the shop.

Sally put the groceries in the basket. Then she went to the checkout line.

"Oh, no!" she said. "I forgot the money!"

- B. Read the question. Write the answer.
- I. What did Sally forget?
- 2. Why did Sally run home?
- 3. Where did Sally put the groceries?













<u>1-</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>loose the c</u>	orre	<u>ect answ</u>	<u>er fr</u>	<u>om a,b,c or</u>	<u>d :-</u>	
		amy arrived						
	a)	in	b)	at	c)	on	d)	of
2	2- H	e paid		. the groc	eries	and went ho	me.	
	a)	from	b)	for	C)	at	d)	in
3	3- W	/here						
	a)		-	was	C)		d)	are
4		e put the gro						
,	a)	-		trolley			d)	list
		e ran			-		46	
ļ	a)	front			C)	near	d)	under
ť		,			-	market for me	_	~- :
2-	a) Ro	go <u>arrange th</u>		goes	-	went	d)	going
						- for - will - m	ne ?	
		e - a - on - gr 						
		rrived - supe				-		
4	1- R	lamy - groce	ries -	- the - in -	the -	· put - trolley.		
	5- pa	aid - the - fo	r - gr	oceries –	He .			
<u>5-</u>	Re	ead and ans	<u>swe</u>	<u>r the qu</u>	<u>estic</u>	ns.		
						ted a lot of m		
		-				nts for me. W	'e liked	the apple pie
		he peach pie, oose the c				iemon pie.		
		sterday was						
_						c) school de	av	d) birthday
2-		e don't like t			-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	/	a, a
		a) lemon				c) peach		d) cherry
<u>B)</u>	An	swer the fo	ollo	wing que	estio	ns:		•
3-	Wł	nat did friend	ds br	ing?				
4-	Dio	they like a	lemo	n pie?				
		•		•		Rewan abo		
						ame is Reem		5- 100 101800
aι	uie	supermarke	t yes	iciuay. I	oul II	aille is neelli	•	





































Visiting a Film Studio {زيارة أستوديو نيلم



Conversation Time



People & Places		الشخصيات& الاماكن		
Actress	ممثلة	Film Studio	أستوديو فيلم	
Secretary	سكرتيرة	A car	السيارة	























Key Vocabulary

film studio	ستوديو فيلم	message	رسالة
late	متأخر	number	رقم
telephone	تليفون	lunch	غداء
right now	الان	today	اليوم
Help(n)	مساعدة	Who?	من؟

21 Verbs

أفعال

Z I WGI US	032,
A] Regular Ve	rbs أفعال منتظمة
Present Simple	Past simple
call يتصل بـ	called
visit يزور	
B] Irregular Ver	أفعال غير منتظمة bs
Present Simple	Past simple
يعطي give	gave يعطي spoke تحدث
speak يتحدث	spoke تحدث
يعرف know	
take <u>iغن</u>	took iii
يري see	رأيَ saw
3 Read & Learn	أقرأ وتعلم
May I speak to Ahmed, please?	🗷 هل يمكنني أن أكلم أحمد لو سمحت ؟
He`s not in right now.	🧷 هو غير موجود الان .
What time will he be back?	🗷 متی سیعود ؟
I'm sorry. I don't know.	🗷 (أنا) آسف. لا أعرف.
📆 Can you take a message?	ممكن تأخذ رساله؟
Who's calling?	🗷 من المتصل ؟
Thanks for your help.	🗷 شكراً لمساعدتك.
I'm going to be late for lunch today	🗷 سأتأخر على وجبة الغداء اليوم.
	E
What's your number?	🗷 ما رقم تليفونك؟

Language Notes	ملاحظات لغ <i>و</i> ية	
Future simple	زمن المستقبل البسيط:	
am shape sha	Will (`II) + inf.	
I'm going to be late.		



🥕 سوف أعطيه رسالتك.

I`ll give him your message.







Exercise

1- Listen a	nd comp	<u>lete:-</u>					
Salwa	Hello. May I(1)to Ahmed, please?						
Ahmed	: He's not in(2)now.						
Salwa	: What ti	me will he	be	(3)			
Ahmed	: I'm sorr	y. I don't .		(4)			
Salwa	: Can you	ı take a	(5	5)			
Ahmed	: Sure. W	/ho's	(6)				
Salwa	: This is S	Salwa Kam	el. I'm	going to be I	ate for	(7)	
2- Choose	the corre	ect answ	<u>er fr</u>	om a,b,c o	<u>r d :-</u>		
1- May I	to	Ahmed,	please	2 ?			
a) spec	ık b)	help	C)	play	d)	go	
<mark>2-</mark> He's no	tr	ight now.					
a) on	b)	in	C)	under	d)	next	
3- What ti	ime will he	be	?				
a) buy	b)	pack	C)	black	d)	back	
	him	7					
a) give	s b)	giving	C)	give	d)	gave	
<mark>5-</mark> I'm goir	ng to be lat	te	lun	ch today.			
a) from	b)	for	C)	of	d)	on	
<mark>6-</mark> He's no	t in	now.					
a) right	t b)	left	C)	write	d)	late	
<u>3- Rearran</u>							
1- be - go	ing - for - t	o - late - l	lunch	- <u>I'm</u> - today			
2- <u>I'll</u> - him - message - give - your.							
3- take - you - a – <u>Can</u> - message ?							
4- be - <u>What</u> - will - he - time - back ?							
5- I - Ahm	ned, - spea	k - <u>May</u> - I	to - pl	ease?			
4- write a	paragra	oh of FO	UR se	entences :-		MAN S	
2						A moral on	
Z			•				











Visiting a Film Studio Unit

زيارة أستوديو فيلم

Page

20

Lesson

1- Listen and repeat :





2



wear a wig (wore)

نرندي باروكة

drive a sports car (drove)

يقود سيارة رياضية

3





put on make-up (put)

يضع ماكياج

make friends(made)

نكون صراقات

5



6



get a suntan(got)

بأخذ حمام شمس

listen (ed) to music

نسنمع إلى الموسيقي



8



take a nap (took)

يأخذ قيلولة

talk (ed) on the phone

ننحدث في النلفون

9



10



sign (ed) autographs

يضع نوقيعات

have an accident (had)

ينعرض لحادث

















Unit 4 Visiting a Film Studio

زيارة أستوديو فيلم

Focus Time

Page

21

Lesson

3

زمن المضارع البسيط Present Simple

نستخدم زمن المضارع البسيط للتحدث عن افعال متكررة مثل <u>العادات .</u>

-بِنَلُون من النصريف الآول للفعل :-

(He – She – It + اسم مفرد + V.+ s – es – ies.

المصدر بدون اضافات .inf + اسم جمع + I - We - you - they

I <u>drive</u> a sports car.

♦ He <u>drives</u> a sports car.

don't = do not

- وفى حالة النفى

المصدر بدون اضافات .doesn`t + inf + اسم مفرد + He – She – It

المصدر بدون اضافات .don't +inf + اسم جمع + don't +inf

🗘 I *don`t drive* a sports car.

♦ He doesn't drive a sports car.

doesn't = does not

وفى حالة الاستفهام بفعل مساعد:-

? المصدر بدون اضافات .inf + (اسم مفرد + He - She - It + اسم مفرد

المصدر بدون اضافات .)+ inf اسم جمع + Do +(I - We - you - they

خلي بالك عندما نستخدم

does نحذف \$ من الفعل .

FYes, I do . — No , I don't .
♠ No page she ever tell, on the phone

☼ → Do you ever listen to music?

Does she ever talk on the phone?

Yes, she does . — No , she doesn`t .

Key Words

<u>ظروف التكرار</u> : هي كلمات تحدد نسبة تكرار الفعل و تستخدم مع زمن المضارع البسيط .وتوضع قبل الفعل

- □ usually drive a sports car.
- ♦ He <u>often talks</u> on the phone.







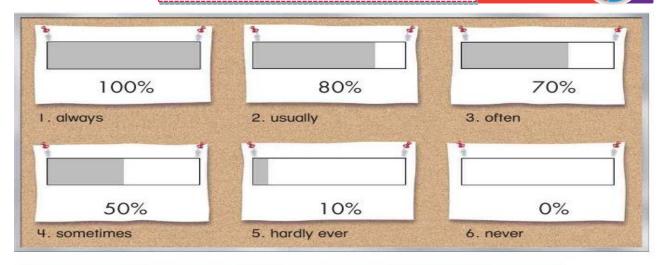




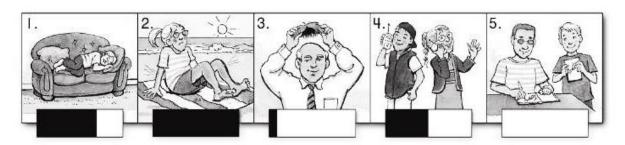
1] always 100 %	دائماً، أبداً
2] usually 80 %	عَادَةً
3] often 70 %	لبالذ
4] sometimes 50 %	أحياناً ، في بعض الأحيان
5] hardly ever 10 %	قليلاً ، نادراً
6] never 0 %	أبداً، مُطْلَقاً

never = not. تنفي الجمله تستخدم في جملة السؤال فقط

🛚 خـد بالك



B. Look and write.



I. He ______takes a nap.

2. She _____

3. I _____

4. They _____

5. He _____











Unit 4 Visiting a Film Studio

زيارة أستوديو فيلم

Practice Time

Page

22

Lesson

3

Do you Does he

ever listen to music?

Yes, $\frac{I}{he}$

always usually often sometimes

listen listens

to music.

No,

I he hardly ever never

listen listens

to music.

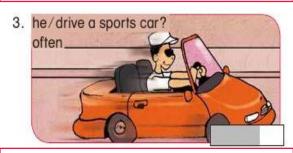
Listen and repeat :-



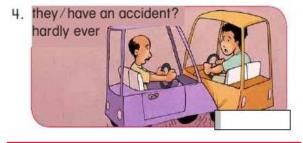
1- Do you ever listen to music? Yes, I usually listen to music.



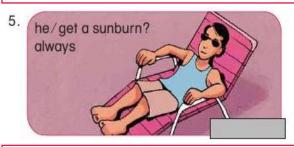
2 Does she ever talk on the phone? Yes, she always talks on the phone.



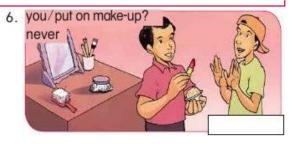
3- Does he ever drive a sports car? Yes, he often drives a sports car.



4- Do they ever have an accident? No, they hardly ever have an accident.



5 Does he ever get a sunburn? Yes, he always gets a sunburn.



6- Do you ever put on make-up? No, I never put on make-up.





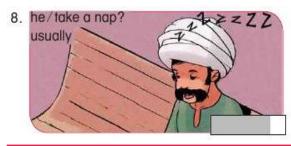






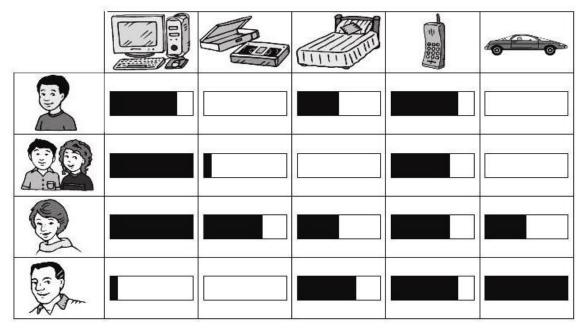


7- Does he ever wear a wig? Yes, he sometimes wears a wig.



8- Does he ever take a nap? Yes, he usually takes a nap.

Look at the chart. Write the questions and answers.



use a computer?	Does he ever	. ,	1.
rent a video?		2.	2.
drive a sports car?		3.	3.
talk on the phone?		1.	4.
take a nap?	DATE:	5. (5.
rent a video?	3	5. F	6.













L-	<u>choose the c</u>	<u>.011</u>	ect answe	<u> </u>	oni a,b,c oi u :	_	
	He always					_	
	a) wear	b)	were	c)	wearing	d)	wears
2	- We never		a sport	s ca	r.		
	a) drives	b)	drove	C)	driving	d)	drive
	- Do you		7		7		
	_			C)	usually	d)	never
	- We never sign						
					c) biographs		d) photos
	Does she eve				7		
	a) in					d)	of
	Does he ever						
					take	d)	gets
	Yes, he						L
	_				c) never	d) ever
	- No, I						
	_				never	d)	always
					an accident.		
	_				never		_
			,		talks on the pl		
					never	d)	always
	1- Yes, I usually	•				1.	P
					listening		listened
	,				works in studio		
					teacher	a)	actor
	3- Yes, I usually	, ,				داء	4.1
	a) up					d)	at
	4 h					داء	n:J
	a) Doesn`t	_		_	Do	d)	Did
	5 t	-			*	داء	Dida's
	a) Doesn't			C)		d)	Didn`t
	6- He`s an acto				•	دلہ	41.
	a) hardly	DJ	ever	CJ	never	d)	always











2-	Rearrange the following :-					
1	a - car – sports – <u>Do</u> – drive – you?					
2	- <u>An actor</u> - make - put - doesn't - on – ι	ıp - by .				
3	- taking - is - a - <u>The man</u> - nap.					
4	- listen - <u>Do</u> - to - music - you - ever ?					
5	- drives - <u>He</u> - a - sports - often - car.					
6	- hardly - <u>They</u> - ever - an - have - accide	ent.				
7	<u>Does</u> - ever - get – a - he - sunburn ?					
8	<u> </u>					
3-	Circle the odd one out and replace	e it with a correct one:-				
1	always – usual – often – never.	()				
2	- wear - gets - puts - has .	()				
3	take - sign - gets - talk .	()				
4	hard - sometimes - usually - always.	()				
5	dentist - teach - actor - driver .	()				
4-	- <u>Write a paragraph of FOUR senten</u>	ces:-				
	A					
	A					
	A					
	A					
<u>- V</u>	<u>/rite a paragraph of FOUR sentenc</u>	es:-				
	<u>a</u>					
	A					
<u>5-</u>	Write a letter to your friend Rady	about your visit to a film				
stu	dio . Your name is Mustafa. and your em	nail is				
Μι	ustafa 23@yahoo.com. your friend`s em	ail is Rady457 @yahoo.com				
<u>6-</u>	Punctuate the following:-					
1	- can you take a message please 🔈					
2	2- yes i always listen to music 🕿					











Unit

Visiting a Film Studio

زيارة أستوديو فيلم

Reading Time

Page

23

Lesson



Alexandria

Hi, Eman!

I'm having a good time in Alexandria with my family. We visited Alexandria library yesterday. Today we visited Qaitbay Citadel. It was fun! In the afternoon, we went to a film studio. They make all kinds of films at this studio. Today they were making an adventure film. We watched the actors rehearse. It was so cool! Then we talked to Ahmed El-Sakka (the film star). He's really nice.

Tonight we're going to eat dinner at a nice restaurant. We're going to go to the beach tomorrow. I can't wait! See you on Sunday!

Love,

Mona



Eman Ibrahim 6 Green Street Sunnyville

New Words

have a good time vesterday film studio actor film star

family today adventure rehearse tonight

C. F	lead the	question.	Write	the	answer
------	----------	-----------	-------	-----	--------

- Where is Mona having a good time?

- What did she watch at the film studio? –
- Who did she talk to at the film studio? -
- 4. When did she visit Qaitbay Citadel? ————













Key Vocabulary

Alexandria library	مكتبة الإسكندرية	afternoon	عَصْر، بعد الظهر
family	عائلة	adventure	مُغَامَرَة
time	وقت	beach	شاطئ
scene	مشهد	fun	مرح
Qaitbay Citadel	قلعة قايتباي	cool	رائع
film studio	ستوديو افلام	today	اليوم
tonight	الليله	dinner	العثباء
actor (s)	ممثل (ممثلین)	kind (s)	نوع (أنواع)
Film star	نجم الفيلم	really	حقا

21 Verbs

أفعال

Z 1 AGI N9		0-2,	
A] I	Regular Ve	rbs أفعال منتظمة	
Present Simple		Past simple	
visit	يزور	visited	زارَ
watch	يشاهد	watched	شاهد
rehearse	يتدرب	rehearsed	تدربَ
talk	يتحدث	talked	تحدث
wait	ينتظر		انتظر
B] Irre	egular Ver	أفعال غير منتظمة bs	
Present Simple		Past simple	
go	يذهب	went	ذهبَ صنعَ امتاك
make	يصنع	made	صنع
have	يمتلك	had	امتك

A. Read. Fill in the blanks with the correct verb forms.

rehearse	go	talk	have	make	watch	visit	see	make	
reneurse	go	IUIK	nuve	muke	Walch	VISII	see	Huke	

	Hi, Kareem!	
WAS -	I'm having a good time in Florida	! I
	Disney World yesterday. Today	I visited Universal Studios,
V	a film studio.They	all kinds of films.
7	Today they were	– an adventure film.
	I the actors	a scene.
4	Then I to Micha	ael Stiles (the film star).
	I'm to go to a we	ater park tomorrow.
T	I can't wait! you	on Sunday!
H		Your friend,
now and		Bill



_Kareem_Ahmed _20 Primrose St. _Sunnyville











Exercise

1.	- Ch	oose the	corre	ct answe	er fr	<u>om a,b,c or (</u>	d :-	
		/e						
	a)	visits	b)	visited	c)	visit	d)	visiting
	2- T	hey were ma	aking a	an adventu	ıre	at the	studio.	
		wig	-			accident	d)	sunburn
	a)					restaurant	d)	bridge
		ve re going t put	o b)			ch tomorrow wear	d)	take
		ona is					u,	Idke
	a)	have					d)	had
2.	Re	arrange t					-	
	1- h	aving - good	- a - t	ime - in - <u>/</u>	<u>'m</u> - A	Alexandria .		
	2- lik	orary - <u>We</u> - A	Alexar	ndria - visit	ed - y	esterday.		
	3- <u>T</u>	hey - all - stu	ıdio - (of - films -	kinds	- at - make - tl	his.	
	4- w	atched - act	ors - t	he - <i>We</i> - r	rehea	rse .		
						a - going - rest	taurant	
3.		ead and an						
						happy you l	ike my	films. Yes, I
(often	sign autog	raphs	. It's my	favo	urite thing to	do. I	like my haii
					_	n going to m	-	' next film at
						ome and wate	rh.	
		oose the c				c		
				-		hardly	d)	often
		sometimes				-	-	
	a) w	ig k) dre	SS	c) mo	ake up	d) su	ıntan
		<u>swer the f</u>		• •				
						ilm?		
		-						
<u>4</u> .	Wr	<u>ite a lette</u>	r to y	<u>our frier</u>	<u>nd H</u>	<u>abiba</u> about y	your yo	ur visit to
Αl	exan	dria. Your na	ime is	Nada .				
<u>5</u> .	Pu	nctuate th	e fol	<u>lowing:-</u>				
	1 - r	o samir nev	er liste	en to musi	C≥			
	2- j	visited alexa	ndria	library	Z			





























Unit 5 In Town





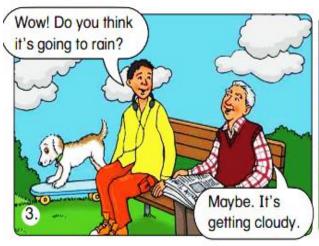
Conversation Time



Peopl	e& Places	لاماكن	الشخصيات، ا
Mr. Samy	Kamal	Park	المتنزه























Key Vocabulary

	11 Vocabulary	لكلمات	1
town	مدينة صغيرة	sister	أخت
seat	مقعد	flu	أنفلونزا
cold	بارد	home	منزل مغیم
degree	دَرَجَة (حرارة)	cloudy	
rain (n)	مطر	the sky	السماء
family	عائلة	today	اليوم خطير
fine	افضل	serious	خطير
`d better	من الافضل	do better	يتحسن

2 1 Verbs			أفعال
A] Re	egular Ve	ل منتظمة rbs	أفعا
Present Simple		Past simple	
start	يبدأ	started	بدأ
rain	تمطر	rained	أمطرت
look	ينظر	looked	نظرَ
hear	يسمع	heard	سمع
B] Irre	gular Ver	$\mathbf{b}_{\mathbf{S}}$ غير منتظمة	أفعال
Present Simple		Past simple	
think	يعتقد ، يظن	thought	أعتقدَ ، ظنَ
get	تصبح ، تصیر	got	أصبح ، صارَ
Take care	يعتني ب	took care	اعتني ب
leave	يغادر	left	غادرَ
go home	يرجع للمنزل	went home	رجع للمنزل
3 Read & Learn			أقرأ وتعلم
∰ Have a seat.			🦟 تفضل بالجلوس .
∰ It`s cold today			🗷 الجو بارد اليوم.
📆 It's 23 degrees.			🗷 درجات الحرارة ٢٣ درجة.
Do you think it's going to	rain?		🗷 هل تعتقد أنها ستمطر ؟

₹ Have a seat.	🗷 تفضل بالجلوس .
₹ It`s cold today	🗷 الجو بارد اليوم.
₹ lt's 23 degrees.	🗷 درجات الحرارة ٢٣ درجة.
Do you think it's going to rain?	🗻 هل تعتقد أنها ستمطر ؟
	🗷 الجو أصبح غائم.
Mow is your family?	🗷 كيف حال عائلتك؟
They're fine. But my sister has	ع أنهم بخير. ولكن أختي مصابه
the flu.	بالأنفلونزا.
📆 It's not serious. She's doing better today.	🥿 ليس خطير. وهي في تحسن اليوم.
∴ Look! It's starting to rain.	🧷 أنظر! ، أنها بدأت تمطر.
	and the second s













Language Notes	ملاحظات لغوية
جمل الامر تبدأ جمل الامر بالفعل المصدر Mave a seat.	للسؤال عن الحال : Mow is your family?. They're fine.
- Present Continuous المضارع المستمر: (am – is – are) + V.+ ing . الثان starting to rain . She's doing better.	- Future simple: زمن المستقبل البسيط am

EXERCISES

|--|

Mr. Samy	Hello, Ahmed. Have a
Ahmed	Thanks. Oh! It'stoday.
Mr. Samy	That's right. It's 23
Ahmed	: Wow! Do you think it's going to?
Mr. Samy	: Maybe. It's getting
Ahmed	So. How's your, Ahmed ?
Mr. Samy	They're fine. But my sister has the

<u>2-</u>	Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:-													
1.	l'd	better go h	ome	. Take		, Kamal .								
		case				*	d)	cat						
2	lt's	getting clo	udy .	It's going t	to									
	a)	run	b)	ran	C)	rain	d)	train						
3-	lt's	cold today	. It's	23		••								
	a)	degrees	b)	trees	C)	clouds	d)	rain						
4.	He	llo, Kamal		a se	eat.									
	a)	Had	b)	Has	C)	Having	d)	Have						
5	The	ey're fine. B	ut m	y sister		the flu .								
	a)	had	b)	has	C)	having	d)	have						











- 6- Look! It'sto rain .
- a) starting b) starts c) start
 - d) started

- 7- She'sbetter today .
 - a) did b) does c) do
- d) doing

3- Rearrange the following :-

- **1-** go home. <u>*I'd*</u> - better.
- 2- *She's* better doing today.
- 3- *[t's* to starting rain .
- 4- has <u>My</u> the sister flu.
- 5- you it's <u>Do</u> going to think rain ?

4- write a paragraph of FOUR sentences :-

<u> </u>		•	•		-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
<u> </u>																																	
<u> </u>		-																															
<u>~</u>																																	



5- Write an email to your friend Yasmeen about your sick sister.

Your name is Mai and your email is <u>Yasmeen23@yahoo.com</u>. your friend's email is <u>Mai457 @yahoo.com</u>.

6- Punctuate the following:-

- f L it s starting to rain $oximiss_{-\infty}$
- 2- how is your family >=













Unit 5	In Town				
Word Time	Page	26	Lesson 2		













Unit

In Town

في المدينة

Page

27

Lesson

زمن المضارع البسيط Present Simple كم عدد المرات How often

- تستخدم أداة الاستفهام **How often** للسؤال عن <u>عدد مرات</u> حدوث الفعل في زمن المضارع البسيط . وعند الإجابة نستخدم ظروف التكرار التي سبق دراستها . ويمكن أن نستخدم عبارات ظرفيه والتى تحدد عدد مرات تكرار الفعل .

Once a مر ہ کل

یوم day Week اسبوع شهر month عام Year

twice a مرتین کل

day week month vear

three times a week ٣مر ات كل

dav month year

four times a ٤ مر ات كل

week month year

dav

	Monday
8:00	
9:00 _	
10:00	
11:00 _	*
12:00 _	
1:00 _	
2:00 _	
3:00 _	
4:00	

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
	*			*		

2. twice a week

I. once a day

Sun.	Mon.	Tues,	June Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
.,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1100		1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

January	February	March	April	
*		*		
May June		July	August	
September	October	November	December	

3. three times a month

4. four times a year

















Remember



Listen and repeat:-



- 2. she/take medicine?

 three times a day
- How often do you get a haircut?
- > I get a haircut twice a month.
- 2- How often does she take medicine?
- →She takes medicine three times a day.



- 3- How often does he feed the birds?
- → He feeds the birds once a day.



- 4- How often does he meet his friend?
- → He meets his friend twice a week.







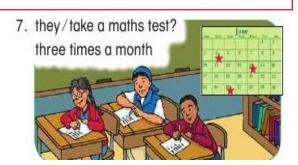






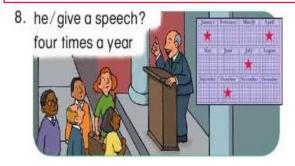


- 5- How often do you take the underground?
- → We take the underground five times a week.



- 7- How often do they take a maths test?
- → They take a maths test three times a month.

- she/bake bread? once a day
- 6- How often does she bake bread?
- → She bakes bread once a day.



- 8- How often does he give a speech?
- → He gives a speech four times a year.
- B. Look at Heba's schedule. Write True or False.



Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
100	To.	To.				To.
					Em?	To

feed the birds = take the underground 📆 = take medicine

= bake bread

- I. Heba feeds the birds once a week.
- 2. Heba takes medicine three times a day. _
- 3. Heba bakes bread three times a week.











1-	Ch	<u>oose the c</u>	orre	ct answe	r fro	om a,b,c	c or d :	-	
								_	
		feed				-		d)	drive
		e							
		get				•		d)	got
		/e					year.	1.	
		meets						d)	meet
		e gives a peach						dı	speech
		peacii Du							-
		takes							took
		ney						-,	
		visits						d)	visiting
7	Н	ow often		h	e vis	it a mus	eum?		
	a)	do	b)	does	C)	did		d)	doesn`t
8	Н	low often			Ali g	get a hair	rcut?		
	a)	do	b)	does	C)	did		d)	doesn't
		nere are sev							
		days		-				d)	weeks
		There are to					-	1.	
		days						d)	weeks
		We					ıy.	d)	1+
		She is sick , s	_		_			u)	
							medici	ne	d) speech
		How often d							
		akes							
		How often d					•		
							bread		d) speech
1	.5- I	He		the bird	ls on	ce a day			_
		meets				-		d) takes
1	.6- I	get a haircı							
	a)	three	b)	twice	C)	two		d)	one











2- Rearrange the following :-

- bakes She a -twice bread month .
- 2- you speech a <u>Did</u> give?
- 3- get do you a often How haircut ?
- a takes **She** three times medicine day.
- he How birds feed the often -does?
- meets twice friend a He week his
- meet often he his does **How** friend?

3 Circle the odd one out and replace it with a correct one:-

- 1- café museum bakery barber (......)
- 2- one four times twice three times (......)
- 3- day week month your. (......)
- 5- How does What When. (......)
- 6- day weak month year (......)
- 7- fed read take meet. (......)

4- Write a paragraph of FOUR sentences:-

<u>D</u> **A A**....



Write a paragraph of FOUR sentences:-



5- Write a letter to your friend Hager about what you do every

month. Your name is Nejar, and your email is

Hager23@yahoo.com. your friend's email is Nejar57 @yahoo.com











 Unit
 5
 In Town

 Page
 29
 Lesson
 5

Dear Sarah



Dear Sarah,

I am thirteen years old and I have a big problem. My little brother is a pest! He follows me all the time and always bothers me and my friends. He goes into my room and takes my things without asking. My mum tells me to be patient because I am older.

It's not fair! What can I do? Going Crazy

Dear Crazy,

Your little brother loves you very much and wants your attention. Spend time with him. Tell him he can use your things but he has to ask first. Help him find some friends. And don't forget, he will grow up!

Sarah

New Words

pest bother
without tell
patient fair
crazy attention
spend time grow up

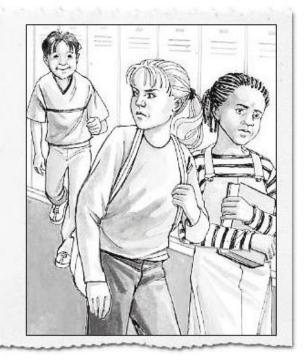
Dear Sarah

Dear Sarah,

There is a pest in our class at school. His name is Hosam. He follows us all the time and always bothers us. He takes our things without asking. Our teacher told us to be patient. It's not fair! What can we do? Hanaa and Shaimaa

Dear Hanaa and Shaimaa, Hosam bothers you because he wants attention. Spend time with him. Help him find some friends.

Sarah













Key Vocabulary

	2 I Verbs	أفعال	
problem	مُشْكِلَة	friends	أصدقاء
pest	شخص مزعج	room	حجرة عدل
little	صغير	fair	عدل
things	أشياء	patient	صبور
asking	طلب	older	صبور أكبر
without	بدون	because	لأن
attention	اِنْتِبَاه، اِهْتِمام	crazy	مجنون

2 I Verbs

أفعال

A] Regular Verbs أفعال منتظمة								
Present Simple	J	Past simple						
follow	يتبع، يتابع	followed	اِتَّبِعَ، تَتَابَعَ					
bother	يزعج	bothered	زُعَجَ					
ask	يطلب، يسْتَأَذَنَ	asked	اِسْتَاذْنَ ، طلب					
love	يحب	loved	أحب					
want	یرید	wanted	أراد					
I	B] Irregular Verbs أفعال غير منتظمة							
Present Simple	-	Past simple						
go into	يدخل	went into	دخلَ					
take	يأخذ	took	أخذ					
tell	يخبر ، يقول	told	أخبرَ ، قالَ					
spend	يقضي (وقت مثلا)	spent	قضيَ					
find	يجد	found	وجد					
forget	ينسي	forgot	قضيَ وجدَ نسيَ كبرَ ، نماَ					

Language Functions

وظائف لغوية

Imperatives

صيغ الأمر

** دائما نبدأ الفعل في المصدر بدون أي إضافات في صيفة الأمر المثبت. ** في الأمر المنفي نستخدم Don't او Never ويليهم الفعل في المصدر بدون أي إضافات.

- 1. Help him find some friends.
- 2. Tell him he can use your things but he has to ask first.
- 4. Don't forget, he will grow up. = Never forget
- 5. Don't play football in the street. = Never play









Exercise

<u>1·</u>	<u>Ch</u>	<u>oose the c</u>	<u>orre</u>	<u>ct answe</u>	<u>r tro</u>	<u>om a,b,c or d :</u>	_	
		ly little brot						
	a)	bats	b)	pets	C)	pest	d)	best
		e						
		followed		_			d)	follows
		e always bo	_			•		
			b)		-	my	d)	his
		_	_	my roon onto		d takes my thinខ្ out	_	of
			_		-		u,	OI .
		Tell					d۱	Telling
		e will grow	_		•,			
		of			C)	down	d)	in
	7-	forge	et the	e homewor	k.			
		Do		Doesn't		Don't	d)	Does
<u>2</u> -	<u>Re</u>	<u>arrange t</u>	he fo	<u>ollowing :</u>	<u>-</u>			
	1 - n	ne – the – H	e - a	II – follows	– tir	ne .		
	2- fa	ather – me –	- to –	My –told –	pat	ient - be		
	3- it	t's – think –	Do -	who –you	- goi	ng – rain – to .		
	4 - N	Лу - pest - b	roth	er - little - i	s - a	•		
	5- H	le - my - goe	es - r	oom - my -	and	- takes - into - tl	hings	
						– Your - much		
3-						entences :-		
	Ø						1 -	June
	Ø							1 1 12 13 14 15 10
	×							5 10 10 30 21 21 25 M D N S 21 25 26
	\							
	<u> </u>							
4-	Wr	<u>rite a para</u>	grap	h of FOU	R se	entences : -	_	
	Ø							June 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
	Ø							17: 18: 18: 28: 51: 21: 25: 25: 25: 26: 26: 26: 26: 26: 26: 26: 26: 26: 26
	Ø						500	
	Ø						To said	
						The state of the s		











5- Read and answer the questions:.

Many people are at the park today. We're going to play and have lunch under a tree. That woman looks tired. She's taking medicine. A little boy and his father is feeding the birds. That little girl can't find her cat. An old man is reading a newspaper.

A)	<u>C</u> h	oose	the	correct	answer:
----	------------	------	-----	---------	---------

- 1- A man and his son are
- a) reading a newspaper b) playing
 c) feeding birds d) having lunch
- 2- The woman is taking
 - a) lunch b) nap c) bread d) medicine
- B) Answer the following questions:
 - 3- Where are we going to have lunch?......
 - 4- What's wrong with the little girl?......
- 5- Write an email to your friend Rawda about your pest brother.
 Your name is Haneen.

6- Punctuate the following:-

1-	my brother s a pest 🔈	
2-	it s not fair 🔈	





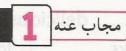








Workbook Sample Test



Listening

- استمع إلى معلمك وضع دائرة. Listen and circle: استمع إلى معلمك
 - 1.a. At school.
 - b. At the bank.
 - 2.a. To take the bus.
 - b. To take the plane.
 - 3.a. How many sisters do you have?
 - b. How many brothers do you have?
 - 4.a. Who invented the first ice cream churn?
 - b. Who invented the first telephone?
- 2 Listen and complete: استمع إلى معلمك واكمل.

Huda : Is it the Egyptian (1)

The receptionist: Yes, it is.

:(2) are you open? Huda

The receptionist: We are open (3)

Huda: Thank you for help.

The receptionist: You are (4)

Reading

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1.are your hours?
 - a. Where b. What
- c. How
- d. Why

- 2. We open daily.
 - a. is b. are
- c. do
- d. did

- It's three for adults.
 - a. dollar b. a dollar
- c. dollars
- d. dollar's

















4. I will take a	OI GDDIC D	IA	
a. cup	b. glass		d. bottle
5. lt d			
a. looks	b. look	c. looking	d. to look
6. How	bottles of water	did she have?	
a. much	b. an	c. a	d. many
7. I'm ready	······•••		
a. order	b. ordering	c. to order	d. ordered
8. I'm going to	two glas	ses of orange juic	e. a. To take.9
a. do	b. be	c. has	d. have
Circle the oc	ld word and rep	lace it with a co	rrect one:
1. swim - eat -		ny obenedato ya	En woh o
2. summer - winter - rain - spring			
3. herself - yourself - he - myself			(
4. ironed -bou	ght - washed - cho	i i stelania.	has moreld in
5. meatballs -s	teak - salad - juice		Huda y
9 doing - She -	better - today - iz		Tire receiption
Read the pa	ssage and answe	er the question	s: abuli
juice. He went He took some him to keep a happy. His mo	nd, Ali went to the t on a ride. He saw pictures. He was w n eye on him. His f other also wants hi	a dolphin show. I ery happy. His fa ather does his be	He ate cookies. mily was with est to make him
a doctor when	n he grows up.	correid Basilar	3 Choose the
Chaosa tha sau	rect answer from	a, b, c or d:	
choose the cor		a saurit d'in	
1. Ali was	······································		
	b. happy	c. tired	d. ill
1. Ali was	b. happy	c. tired	d. ill
1. Ali wasa. sad	b. happy	c. tired	d. ill d. pie











	Answer the following questions: 3. Where did Ali go at the weekend?
	4. What did Ali see ?
	C Writing
6	Write a letter of FOUR sentences: Write a letter to your friend Hala telling her about the lunch you had at a restaurant. Your name is Salwa and you live at 3 El-Tahrir Street, Cairo.
	Z.hr. sparaes votroeit 1788 of 1 mercent 2 mer
7	Rearrange the following words to make correct sentences:
	1. English - us - have - with - <u>Study</u> - fun - and. 2. tomorrow - the - <u>What's</u> - for - homework?
	3. opened - factory - in 1851 - The first - cream - ice.
	4. there - <u>Is</u> - beside - your - bank - a - house ?
8	Punctuate the following sentences: 1. omnia s mother watches tv before she sleeps
	2. what are you doing when you go to the zoo ahmed





